





POROUS SINTERED METAL PRODUCTS

www.sintertech.org





Well-known brand name for high performance porous sintered metal filters, in stainless steel, bronze or nickel alloys, for liquid or gas filtration.

NORMES QUALITÉ

- > ISO 14001 > OHSAS 18001
- > ISO 9001

PORAL[®] products are manufactured by compaction and sintering of metal powders. Pore size is defined by the powder granulometry and classified as PORAL[®] grade.

MAIN ADVANTAGES OF SINTERED METAL FILTERS

- **High temperature resistance,** stability over a wide temperature range from cryogenic (< -150°C) to 900°C.
- **High corrosion resistance,** chemical stability.
- High mechanical strength, high differential pressure capability, resistance to vibration and abrasion.
- **Easy cleaning** for significant operational cost savings by reverse flushing with a clean fluid, by appropriate solvents, chemical reagents, ultrasonic washing or calcining.
- Easy to implement in any installation design.

Filtration capacity

There are two possible operating modes using PORAL[®] Filters:

Barrier or surface filtration

When pore size is smaller than particle size, all particles are retained on the filter surface. In this configuration, back flush cleaning is readily performed.

In-Depth Filtration

When particles size is smaller than pore size, particles tend to penetrate in the sinuous porosity of the filter media. Particles meet a lot of obstacles, and a large proportion are then retained on the pore walls.





In this configuration, the filtration capacity is given by the filtration efficiency but depends of many parameters as fluid viscosity, flow rate, PORAL® thickness etc...



Material Selection

Alloy grades	Advantages	Max. T°C under oxidizing atmosphere	Max. T°C under reducing atmosphere
Bronze	 Good corrosion resistance in sea water. Compatible with oxygen, hot / cold freshwater or with diluted non-oxidizing acids (without air). Typically used for hydraulic and pneumatic applications. 	250	300
	Stainless Steel		
SS 316 L	 Common usage for food application. Often used in oxidizing conditions, with nitric or organic acids (except formic and oxalic), with sulphuric, 	400	500
SS 304 L	phosphoric or hydrochloric acids. Heat resistant.	500	600
	Ni alloys		
Inconel 600	 Good resistance to corrosion and heat. Good resistance to oxidizing conditions at high temperature. Resists to oxidizing in corrosive solutions and to sulfur compounds. Typically used in nuclear, chemical and heat-treating industry for its strength and corrosion resistance. 	600	800
Inconel 625	 Withstands a wide variety of severe corrosive environments under a wide range of temperatures and pressures. Resists to chloride-ion stress-corrosion cracking. Excellent choice for sea-water applications. Typically used for aerospace and chemical processing field. 	650	650
Monel 400	 Resists to anhydrous hydrofluoric acid, to chlorine derivatives, fluorine, H₂SO₄, NaOH. 	500	500
Hastelloy X	 High resistance under high temperature oxidizing atmosphere. 	800	900
Hastelloy C276	Good resistance to HF, HNO ₃ .	650	650

Typical microstructure of sintered metal filters:

Sintering neck formed by solid state diffusion

Schematic representation of sintering mechanisms :



Sintering



Microstructure of Bronze PORAL[®] filters after sintering. Gr. 15- x 250



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Microstructure of Stainless steel \& Ni} \\ \mbox{alloys PORAL}^{\odot} \ filters \ after \ sintering.} \\ \mbox{Gr. 15- x 100} \end{array}$

Filtration efficiency

The efficiency values below are given for air and water at a given flow rate.

Bronze

	Filtration efficiency					
	GAS	SES	LIQUIDS			
PORAL [®] Grade	98% of particles stopped (µm)	99,9% of particles stopped (µm)	98% of particles stopped (µm)	99,9% of particles stopped (µm)		
03	0,7	1	3,8	5		
05	2,3	3	17	22		
07	3,4	5	23	30		
10	4,6	7,5	29	39		
15	6,2	12	45	60		
20	7	14	73	97		
30	8,5	20	102	135		
40	10,5	26	140	185		
60	13	35	190	270		

Standards : ISO 12500-3 in gaz = air and ASTM F795 in liquid = water

Stainless Steel And Ni Alloys

	Filtration efficiency						
	GAS	SES	LIQUIDS				
PORAL [®] Grade	98% of particles stopped (µm)	99,9% of particles stopped (µm)	98% of particles stopped (µm)	99,9% of particles stopped (µm)			
03	0,2	0,5	3,2	4,5			
05	0,4	1,2	5,9	9			
07	0,7	2,3	12	16			
10	1,2	3,6	16	24			
15	2	6	26	37			
20	3,2	8,6	40	58			
30	5	13	60	90			
40	8	20	90	130			



Permeability and Pressure drop calculation (ISO 4022)

The fluid permeability of a sintered metal filter is defined by two permeability coefficients: a friction-dependent permeability coefficient α and an inertia-dependant permeability coefficient β .

In a laminar flow, the pressure drop increases linearly proportionally to the flow rate. In that case, all the energy losses are due to the viscosity of the fluid only, following Darcy's law:

$$\frac{\Delta P}{e} = \alpha \times \eta \times \frac{Q_v}{S} = \frac{1}{P_0} \times \eta \times \frac{Q_v}{S}$$

P., α and β coefficients, average values:

		Grado	02	05	07	10	15	20	20	40	60
	FURAL [®] (Jaue	03	00	07	10	10	20	30	40	00
S	tainless	α (x 1010) [m ⁻²]	455	111	57	31	18	11,5	6,5	3,5	-
5	Alloys	β (x 10⁵) [m⁻¹]	13	9	7	6	5	4	3,5	3	-
	Pronzo	α (x 10 ¹⁰) [m ⁻²]	207	51	25,5	12,5	7	3,5	2,1	1,2	0,6
Bronze	DIUIIZE	β (x 10⁵) [m⁻¹]	15,5	5,5	3	2	1,2	0,8	0,5	0,4	0,3
ΔP	= Pressure de at the filter	rop [Pa]	$\alpha = 1/P_{o}$	= Viscous perr coefficient	meability m-2]	Q _v	= Volume flow of the fluid [r	rate n³/s]	β	= Inertia permea coefficient [m	ibility ⁻¹]
е	= Wall thickne of the filter	ess [m]	η	= Dynamic vis of the fluid	cosity [Pa.s]	S	= Filtration Effe Surface [m ²]	ctive	ρ	= Fluid density	[kg/m³]

Functional controls

PORAL production process is under control to ensure the highest quality to our products. Final products are evaluated following international standards: results can be shared with you as EN 10204 material or quality certificates as.

Bubble-point test (EN ISO 4003)

The bubble test provides a simple method to determine the size of the «largest pore» of the PORAL test part.

The porous element to be tested is being immersed in ethanol, we measure the pressure needed to force the first bubble of gas through the test piece. The first bubble of gas will form at the pore having the greatest throat, the throat being the narrowest section of this pore.



Fluid permeability test (EN ISO 4022)

The test consists in measuring the pressure loss of an air flow through the PORAL porous media; to determine the viscous and inertia permeability coefficient.

Mechanical resistance

The sintering process is giving the mechanical properties to the porous material.

Tensile strength Rt

Evaluated through split disc tension tests on tube samples. Consists in shearing a porous ring cutted from a tube till breakage.

Mechanical resistance Rm

Evaluated though burst or collapse pressure test consists in measuring the maximum differential pressure sustained by a PORAL tube from inside to outside (burst) or from outside to inside (collapse).

Bending strength Rf

Evaluated through 3-points bending test on flat sheets Consists in applying a load F at the midpoint between 2 supports till breakage.

In case of a turbulent flow (only significant at high flow), several

other mechanisms are involved. The equation above, completed

 $\frac{\Delta P}{e} = \alpha \times \eta \times \frac{Q_v}{S} + \beta \times \rho \times \left(\frac{Q_v}{S}\right)^2$

by Forchheimer, becomes:

Fatigue resistance

Performed on candles or cartridges to evaluate the expected lifetime in automatic systems, where PORAL products are subject to many filtration / back flush cycles.



Mean Value Characteristic lines of Permeability corresponding to an Air flow, in accordance with DIN ISO 4022

Conditions:

Material: Stainless steel 316L Wall thickness: 3 mm Air at 20°C and 4 bars





Conditions:

Material: bronze Wall thickness: 3 mm Air at 20°C and 4 bars







Mean Value Characteristic lines of Permeability corresponding to a Water flow, in accordance with DIN ISO 4022

Conditions:







Conditions:

Material: Bronze Wall thickness: 3 mm Water at 20°C







For injection of gas into a liquid: wine or beer production, water treatment, fermentation for example





Two main operating configurations can be suggested

 Static diffusers: usually used in batch tank productions and/or for lower quantity of liquid. Diffusers are generally placed in the bottom of tanks and could be mounted in different ways using single or multiple elements, clamped on the outside tank wall.

 Dynamic diffusers: gas is directly injected in a pipeline through a porous PORAL[®] filter. Using the velocity and turbulence of the flowing liquid, this configuration is the most efficient diffuser systems since it results in fine bubbles, for superior performance.

Effect of flow rate on bubble size (PORAL[®] Grade 05), Static configuration



Beyond a certain flow rate, the bubble size reaches a maximum value, substantially the same independently of the grade considered. This observation could be explained inter alia by coalescence phenomena.



As small bubbles transfer gases more efficiently, bubble size is an important criteria to consider

According to the evolution of bubble size vs. flow rate in static configuration, Stainless steel PORAL filters can be divided into two groups:

Grades 03 to 10:

 $QV < 3 \ L/h/cm^2$: bubble size increases with the flow rate from 0.400 to 1.4 mm on average. $Qv > 3 \ L/h/cm^2$: stabilization of bubble size around 1.4 mm independently of the PORAL grade.

Grades 15 to 40:

QV < 2 L/h/cm²: bubble size varies differently from one grade to another, but rapidly reaches millimeter values. Qv > 2 L/h/cm²: stabilization of bubble size around 1.4 mm whatever the PORAL grade.

Liquid-gas filtration

The PORAL® microstructure allows the separation of liquid vesicles conveyed by a gas

- By entrapping liquid vesicles in the thickness of the filter if the pollution of the gas is low.
- By coalescence of liquid vesicles into droplets easier to remove in case of dense fogs.

Examples of double-walled filters used to eliminate liquid impurities in a gas flow:





The primary wall acts as a coalescer; vesicles or aerosols are trapped inside and combined in a continuous liquid phase. The secondary wall is a safety; its role is to retain droplets of relatively large dimensions which could be thrown out to the outlet.

The PORAL[®] filters could also be used as safety filters or genlock. In that case, the filter is sized to allow the gas flow under a low pressure drop but to oppose, to an accidental crossing of a liquid mass, a sufficient pressure drop to stop completely any flow of liquid in the pipeline.



Fluidization

The advantage of the fluidized state is that the solids particles have similar flow properties to those of a liquid phase. The fluidized state begins when the gas velocity is sufficient to be able to carry the powdery material (bed of solid particles).

This fluidized state could be reached blowing through PORAL® sintered metal products, for:

Transport by gravity force

Allowing bulk material carriage on PORAL[®] airslides. PORAL products are appreciated in the cement industry for exemple because of their heat, abrasion and vibration resistance.



Transport under pressure (bulk carrying)

To allow the carriage of powdery materials when transport by gravity force is not sufficient, especially when the distance to be covered is ascending or sinuous.

Fluidization is used in these cases to ensure the flow of powdery materials by gravity force at the bottom of silos without any arching or dead zones.









· In fluidized bed reactor

· In Silo-flows

Many types of reactions could occur in fluidized bed reactors as catalytic reactions, polymerization, etc... offering a uniform particle mixing.

PORAL filtration media can be offered in different shapes such as tubes, plates, discs, cones...

- Welded to fitting / ending.
 Electrical or laser welding are possible, depending of the application.
- Welded together to reach higher plate or tube dimension.
- Brazed in an assembly.
- Laser / water or wire cutted to a final specific dimension.
- Machined or drilled using conventional machining tools. Take care: machining will close the surface open porosity.
- Threaded.
- · Glued in an assembly.
- Rolled / unrolled or stamped.
- Cartridges or cones may be clamped: it is then recommended to insert a flexible gasket.

The choice of the best assembly methods will depend of the environment. Don't hesitate to ask us for recommendations!









Cleaning of PORAL[®] sintered filters

A significant advantage of porous sintered filtration media is to be cleanable and reusable over a long period of time.

Cleaning is mainly operated in situ, in automatic systems when blowback or backflush is automatically generated at a given max pressure drop level. It can be manually operated as well, even outside from the systems.

Specific cleaning procedures can be developped depending on the type of pollution (inorganic or organic); most of which will consist on one or a combination of the following methods:

- · Backwash cleaning.
- · Chemical cleaning using acids, solvents, detergent solutions...
- · Calcining or heat treatment in an oven.
- Ultrasonic cleaning, mainly for chemically inest materials.

The effectiveness of the unclogging could be assessed by testing the filters using bubble test and pressure drop measurement and to be compared with initial characteristics.





Porous Stainless Steel Isostatic Tubes (IS)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default. 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Basic shape for standard candles (BI) or cartridges (CRI, CFI and DOE).

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

Designation / ordering guide

ISOSTATIC TUBES							
TYPE	Ext. Ø [mm]	Length [mm]	Wall thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]			
IS 14.250	14	250	2,0	110			
IS 17.600	17	600	2,0	320			
IS 20.600	20	600	2,0	434			
IS 30.600	30	600	2,5	565			
IS 35.600	35	600	2,5	660			
IS 40.600	40	600	2,5	754			
IS 50.600	50	600	2,5	942			
IS 60.600	60	600	2,5	1131			
IS 80.600	80	600	3,0	1508			
IS 100.600	100	600	3,0	1885			
IS 17.900	17	900	2,5	481			
IS 23.1000	23	1000	2,5	723			
IS 30.1000	30	1000	2,5	942			
IS 35.1000	35	1000	2,5	1100			
IS 40.1000	40	1000	2,5	1257			
IS 50.1000	50	1000	2,5	1571			
IS 60.1000	60	1000	2,5	1885			
IS 70.1000	70	1000	3,0	2200			
IS 80.1000	80	1000	3,0	2513			
IS 100.1000	100	1000	3,0	3142			
Customized design sucilable upon request send your requirement to nevel cales@sintertech.erg							

Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org

PORAL standard designation: IS diameter.length.grade Ex IS 30.600.05



Porous Stainless Steel Plates (IK)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Typical application: fluidized bed plate. Plates IK16 can be offered in different thicknesses from 2 to 10 mm. Others plates offered only in 3 or 5 mm thicknesses.

· Good durability against most aggressive fluids,

Usable over a wide range of temperatures,

High mechanical resistance,

· Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

Designation / ordering guide

PLATES							
TYPE	Length L [mm]	Width I [mm]	Thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]			
IK 5.30	600	300	3	1800			
IK 5.50	600	300	5	1800			
IK 8.30	500	250	3	1250			
IK 8.50	500	250	5	1250			
IK 10.30	300	300	3	900			
IK 10.50	300	300	5	900			
IK 16.30	250	250	3	625			
IK 16.50	250	250	5	625			
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: IK type.thickness x 10.grade Ex IK 10.30.10							

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Porous Stainless Steel Candles (BI)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Candles to be screwed under a filter plate in a filtration vessel or at the end of a piping. Standard thread M20x150 - Ø16 opening on one end + closed ending on the other end. Other fitting on request : NPT, BSP or others.

· Good durability against most aggressive fluids,

- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

CANDLES							
ТҮРЕ	Ext. Ø [mm]	Porous Length L [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]				
BI 2.10	20	100	70				
BI 4.12	40	125	150				
BI 4.25	40	250	300				
BI 5.30	50	300	450				
BI 5.60	50	600	900				
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: BI type grade Ex BL 4 25 05							



Porous Stainless Steel Cartridges (CRI)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Cartridges to be clamped on a filter plate in a filtration vessel or on a tank wall. Standard flange ØC / thickness 8mm on one end + closed ending on the other end. Other flange on request.

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

Designation / ordering guide

CARTRIDGES CRI						
ТҮРЕ	Ext. Ø D [mm]	Porous Length L [mm]	Flange Ø C [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]		
CRI 3.25	30	250	30	200		
CRI 3.50	30	500	30	400		
CRI 4.25	40	250	40	300		
CRI 4.50	40	500	40	600		
CRI 5.30	50	300	50	450		
CRI 5.60	50	600	50	900		
CRI 5.90	50	900	50	1350		
CRI 6.30	60	300	60	550		
CRI 6.60	60	600	60	1100		
CRI 6.90	60	900	60	1650		
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org						

PORAL standard designation: CRI type.grade Ex CRI 5.60.05



Porous Double-Open Ends Cartridges (DOE)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Cartridges for standard fitting in DOE housing, mainly for steam filtration. Sealing at your choice depending of operating environment.

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

CARTRIDGES DOE							
TYPE	Ext. Ø D ["]	Porous Length L ["]	Wall thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]			
DOE 2 ^{1/2} .10	2 ^{1/2}	10	2,5	507			
DOE 2 ^{1/2} .20	2 ^{1/2}	20	2,5	1013			
DOE 2 ^{1/2} .30	2 ^{1/2}	30	2,5	1520			
DOE 3.20	3	20	2,5	1216			
DOE 3.40	3	40	2,5	2432			
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: DOE type.grade Ex DOE 2 ^{1/2} .10.05							



Porous Stainless Steel Uniaxial Tubes (IP)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Mainly used as flame arrestors in welding devices.

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

UNIAXIAL TUBES						
ТҮРЕ	Ext. Ø D [mm]	Porous Length L [mm]	Wall thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]		
IP 8.20	8	20	2,0	5,0		
IP 20.30	20	30	2,0	19,0		
IP 30.50	30	50	2,0	47,0		
IP 50.40	50	40	2,0	63,0		
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org						
PORAL standard designation: IP type.grade Ex IP 8.20.10						



Porous Stainless Steel Discs (IC)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

DISCS							
ТҮРЕ	Ø [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]					
IC 10	10	0,78					
IC 21	21	3,5					
IC 30	30	7					
IC 42	42	14					
IC 60	60	28					
IC 90	90	63,5					
IC 114	114	102					
IC 160	160	200					
IC 250	250	491					
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: Item - thickness (x10) - grade. Ex.: IC 114.20.05							



Porous Stainless Steel Cones (ICN)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Mainly used for in-time filtration offering larger filtration surface in small diameters. To be clamped or inserted in PPL assembly.

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

CONES								
ТҮРЕ	Ø F [mm]	Height H [mm]	Ø D [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]	Flange thickness C [mm]	Ø b [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]	
ICN 8	8	20	13	1,5	2,5	1	1	
ICN 12	12	32	17	2	2,5	2	5	
ICN 15	15	41	21	2	3	2	10	
ICN 21	21	59	27	2,5	3	2,8	20	
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org								
		PORAL standard o	lesignation: Item -	grade. Ex.: ICN 8	.20 Grade 05 & 2	0		



Porous Stainless Steel Multi Cartridges (CFI)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

316 L construction per default, 304 L / Inconel 600 / Monel 400 or Hastelloy on request.

Features & Benefits

Mainly used for filtering gases at high flow rate with a low pressure drop or in reduce spaces. Flange Thickness = 10 mm

Retention rates

8 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 90 μ m (PORAL grade 40). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,2 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 8 μ m (PORAL grade 40).

CARTRIDGES CFI								
TYPE	Ø D [mm]	Length L [mm]	Ø TUBE IS	Nbr TUBE IS	Ø C [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]		
CFI 8.60	80	600	35	3	100	1800		
CFI 8.90	80	900	35	3	100	2700		
CFI 10.60	100	600	30	7	120	3500		
CFI 10.90	100	900	30	7	120	5300		
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org								
		PORAL standard de	esignation: Item - gro	ade. Ex.: CFI 890.40				



Porous Bronze Discs (BC)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

DISCS							
ТҮРЕ	Ø [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]					
BC 6	6	0,3					
BC 13	13	1,3					
BC 21	21	3,5					
BC 30	30	7					
BC 42	42	14					
BC 60	60	28					
BC 90	90	63,5					
BC 114	114	102					
BC 250	250	450					
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: Item - thickness (x10) - grade. Ex.: BC 114.20.05							



Porous Bronze Plates (BK)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

PLATES							
TYPE	Height [mm]	Width [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]				
BK 4	500	500	2500				
BK 5	600	300	1800				
BK 8	500	250	1250				
BK 10	300	300	900				
BK 16	250	250	625				
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
	PORAL standard designation: Item - thick. (x10) - grade. Ex.: BK 10.30.15						



Porous Bronze Seamless Tubes (BLR & BS)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

SEAMLESS TUBES							
TYPE	Ext. Ø [mm]	Length [mm]	Wall thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]			
BLR 26	26	48	3	39			
BLR 32	32	250	3	200			
Customized design availabe upon request: send your requierement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PORAL standard designation: Item – length - grade. Ex.: BLR 26.48.15							

TYPE	TYPE Ext. Ø ["]		Wall thickness e [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]		
BS	2"	30"	3	1173		
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org						
PORAL standard designation: Item – length - grade. Ex.: BLR 26.48.15						



Porous Bronze Welded Tubes (BT)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

WELDED TUBES							
ITEM	Ext. Ø [mm]	Length (mm)	Filtration surface S [cm ²]				
BT 20.5	50	300	450				
BT 10.5	50	600	900				
BT 16.8	80	250	625				
BT 8.8	80	500	1250				
BT 10.10	100	300	875				
BT 5.10	100	600	1750				
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org							
PC	RAL standard designation: Item - th	ickness (x10) - grade. Ex.: BT 8.8.20	0.10				



Porous Bronze Cartridges (CRB)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

CARTRIDGES								
ITEM	Ø D [mm]	Length [mm]	Filtration Surface S [cm ²]	Ø C [mm]	Thickness H [cm ²]			
CRB 3.25	32	250	200	48	8			
CRB 3.50	32	500	400	48	8			
CRB 5.30	50	300	450	70	8			
CRB 5.60	50	600	900	70	8			
CRB 5.90	50	900	1350	70	8			
CRB 8.50	80	500	1250	100	10			
CRB 8.100	80	1000	2500	100	10			
CRB 10.60	100	600	1750	120	12			
CRB 10.120	100	1200	3500	120	12			
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org								
	PORAL standard designation: Item - grade. Ex.: CRB 5.90.15							



Porous Bronze Cones (BCN)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

Designation / ordering guide

CONES								
ITEM	Ø F [mm]	Height [mm]	Ø D [mm]	Wall thickness [mm]	Flange thickness C [mm]	Ø b [mm]	Filtration surface S [cm ²]	
BCN 8	13	20	3	8	1,5	2,5	4	
BCN 12	17	40	10	12	2	2,5	6	
BCN 15	21	60	20	15	2,5	3	8	
BCN 21	27	80	40	21	3	3	10	
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org								

PORAL standard designation: Item - grade. Ex.: BCN 15.05



Porous Bronze Silencers (SMH)

PORAL standard products are covering a wide range of applications. Customized design available upon request.



Material

Bronze (89% Cu /11% Sn) construction.

Features & Benefits

- · Good durability against most aggressive fluids,
- · Usable over a wide range of temperatures,
- · High mechanical resistance,
- · Regenerable through backflush / chemical / thermal or ultrasonic treatment.

Retention rates

9 PORAL grades available - see PORAL grades definition table for detailed information. In liquids, retention at 98% of solid particles from 3,8 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 190 μ m (PORAL grade 60). In gases, retention at 98% of solid particles from 0,7 μ m (PORAL grade 03) to 13 μ m (PORAL grade 60).

SILENCERS								
ITEM	Thread	Ø D [mm]	Width A [mm]	Height E [mm]	Length H [mm]			
SMH 1	1/8"	10	13	5,5	22,5			
SMH 2	1/4"	13	19	8,5	36,5			
SMH 3	3/8"	17	22	8,5	46,5			
SMH 4	1/2"	21	30	11	59			
SMH 5	3/4"	27	30	11,5	66,5			
SMH 6	1 "	34	36	14	74			
Customized design available upon request: send your requirement to poral.sales@sintertech.org								
PORA	L standard designation:	ltem - CO (conic gas th	read NPT) or CY (cylind	ric gas thread). Ex.: SMI	H 3 CO			





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